# Bridging the Great Divide: Strengthening Trust Between Managers and Employees

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Dr. Wendy Fraser, Fraser Consulting, LLC





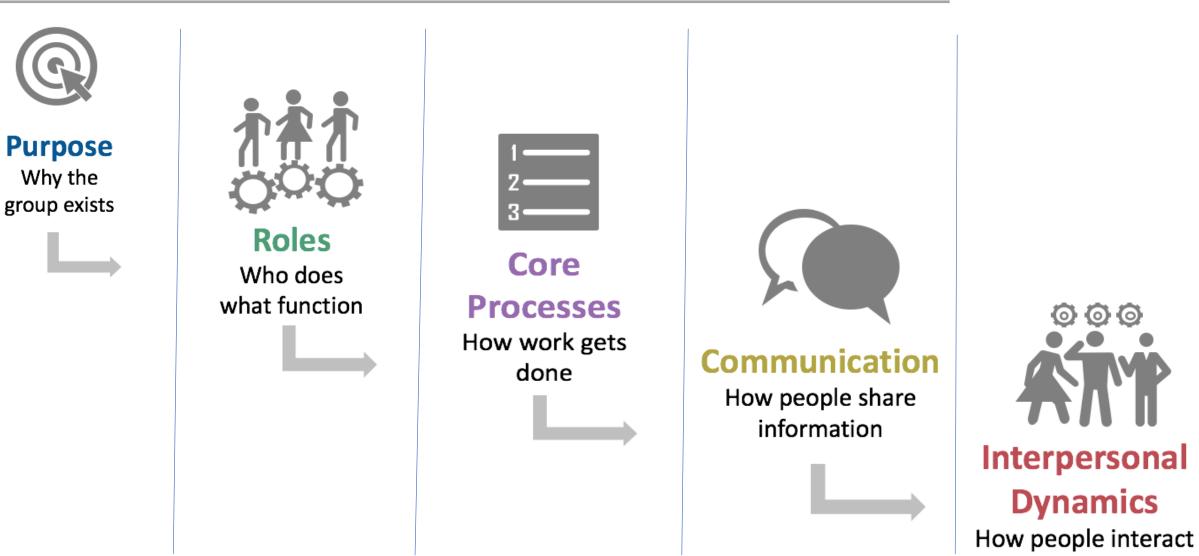
# How do YOU define trust?



In pairs, discuss behaviors or examples of trust.

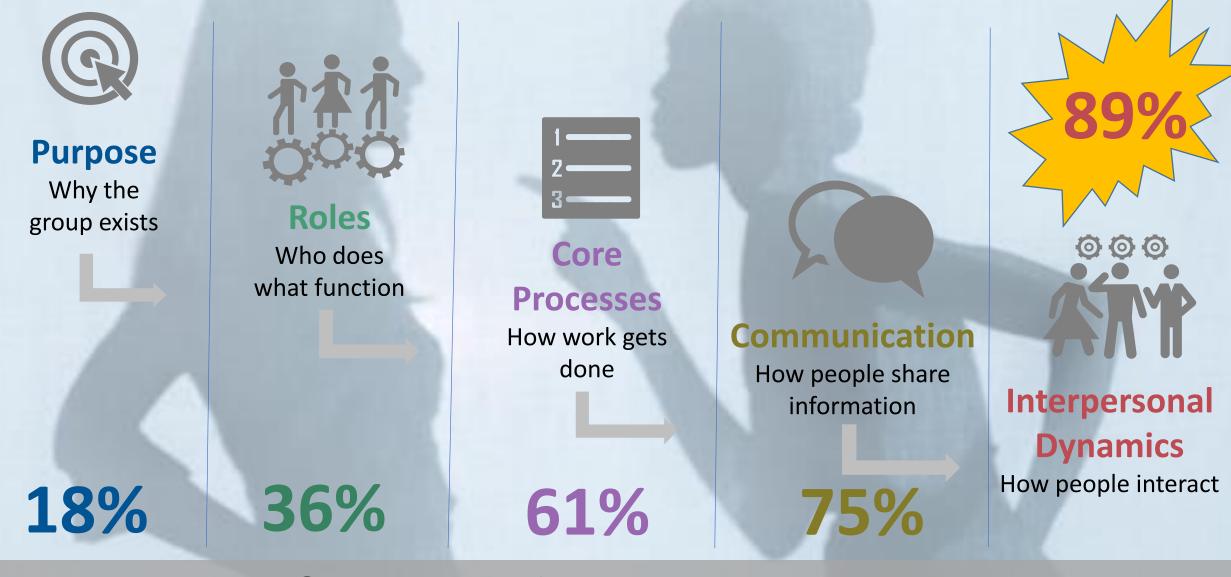
Trust is a belief in the character, ability, reliability, and intentions of others and the willingness to risk vulnerability with them.

#### **Trust Behaviors**



Behaviors that affect relationships in groups

### **Most Common Trust Violations**



Categories of trust problem areas

## Trust Behaviors: Purpose

Align people, systems, and resources for success



Purpose Why the group exists

# **Determine** purpose, direction, scope, priorities, and boundaries



## Trust Behaviors: Roles





Roles Who does what function **Establish** clear roles and responsibilities; mutual expectations; and accountability

**Set-Up** people for success; delegate well; and create support systems

Honor agreements, commitments, and confidentiality

#### **Trust Behaviors: Core Processes**

Core Processes How work gets done Improve operations, relationships, and results; be open to new ways of doing things

Ensure consistency, reliability, and responsiveness

Engage people; broaden decision-making; ask for input

## Trust Behaviors: Communication

Communication

How people share information

Listen openly without judgment or interruption; and tune into the quiet voices

Check-in on assumptions, intentions, and mutual understanding



## Trust Behaviors: Communication

**Seek** feedback; sound and current information; and new perspectives

Communication How people share information **Share** timely, relevant information; avoid surprises; be transparent and truthful

Foster curiosity, open-mindedness, and engage in healthy challenges to conventional thinking

## Trust Behaviors: Interpersonal Dynamics

© © © Interpersonal Dynamics How people interact



**Strengthen Relationships and Connectivity** by investing time, resources, and energy into building others up; avoid gossip

**Respect** people's unique contributions; honor differing perspectives and styles; be inclusive and welcoming

### **Trust Behaviors: Interpersonal Dynamics**

**Invest** in the growth and development of others

Interpersonal Dynamics How people interact

**Model** high standards, integrity, and vulnerability.

Acknowledge mistakes; impact on others; and sincerely apologize in a timely manner

## Individual Complexity

- Beliefs & Values
- Life History & experiences
- Social & Cultural Upbringing
- Personal Choices
- Family Background

- Race & Ethnicity
- Gender Identity
- Sexual Identity
- Education
- Maturity Level
- Personality Style

- Spiritual Beliefs
- Age/Generation
- Hopes & Dreams
- Skills & Abilities
- Health
- Conflict Style

Think About...

## Everyone has a trust story.

What pivotal experiences have shaped how you trust others?

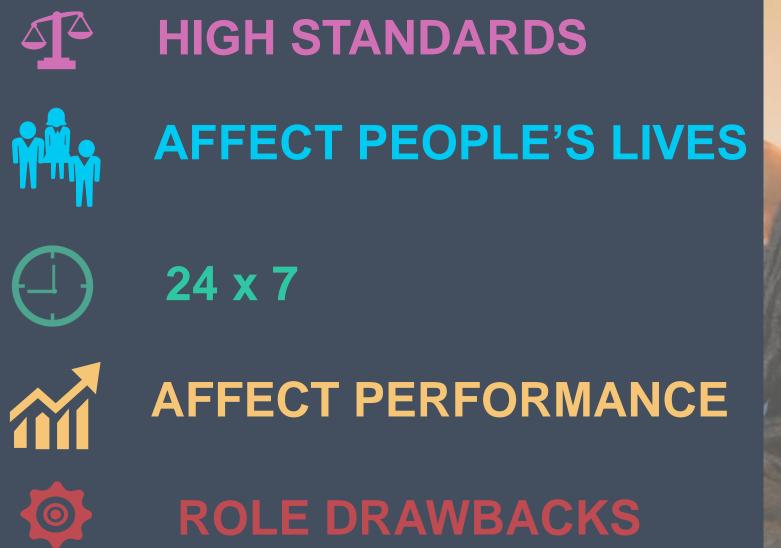
# Trust is built or erodes through experiencing each other's character and actions.

Photo Credit: Jet Lowe Deception Pass, Washington Sometimes, we do not see the *Other* side

Photo Credit: Douglas Knighton Deception Pass, Washington

THERE AND

#### **MANAGER PERSPECTIVE**

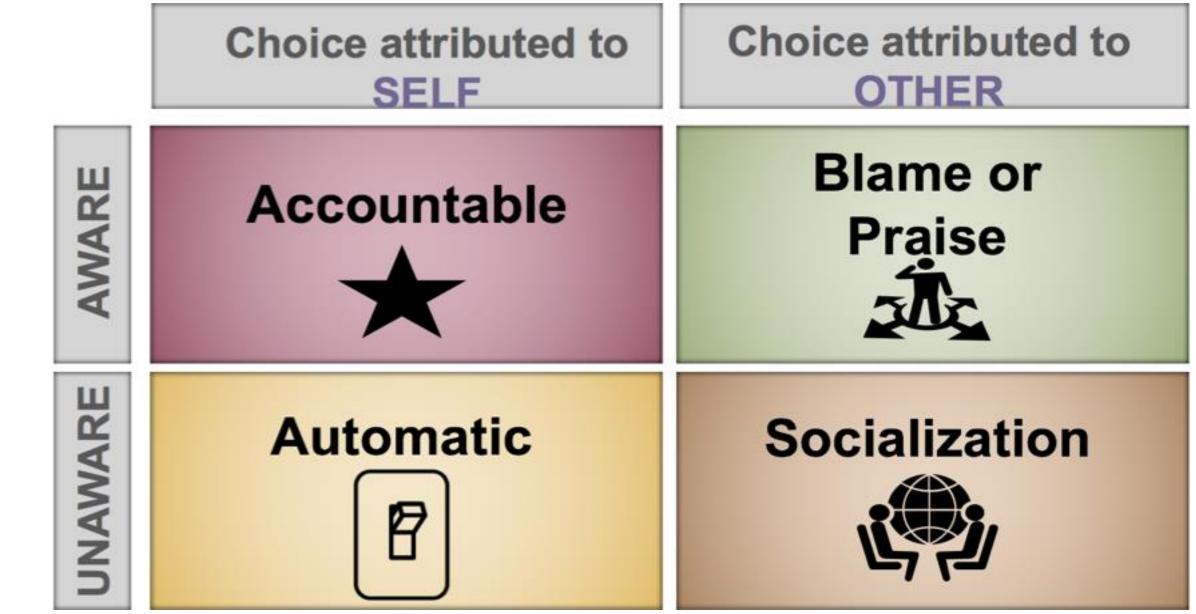




#### **EMPLOYEE PERSPECTIVE**



#### Choice Matrix Tool

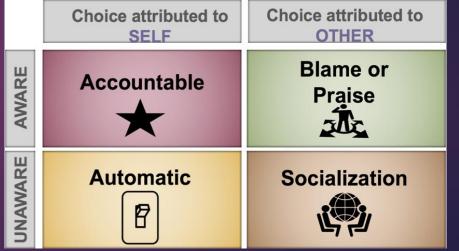


In pairs...

Describe a situation when another person made a choice that adversely affected you.

→ How did you handle it? Describe your <u>actions</u> and the <u>emotions</u> that you experienced.

2-3 minutes per person



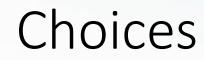


Photo Credit: Brannon Ronia Vance Creek Bridge, Mason County, Washington

# Questions?

Contact information: Dr. Wendy Fraser 360-556-6056 <u>www.WendyF.com</u> WendyFraser@comcast.net

