Doing More with Less

Creating the capacity for innovation and growth



LEAN OFFICE INNOVATION From Straus Forest LLC

in association with



Profit. People. Planet.



Impact Washington Mission

Impact Washington is a non-profit organization whose mission is to improve manufacturing performance in the state of Washington through a public private partnership offering consulting, educational and advocacy services in order to contribute to a healthy Washington economy.

In pursuit of our mission, Impact Washington supports governmental and educational institutions in their continuous improvement efforts which help to create an environment where manufacturing can thrive.

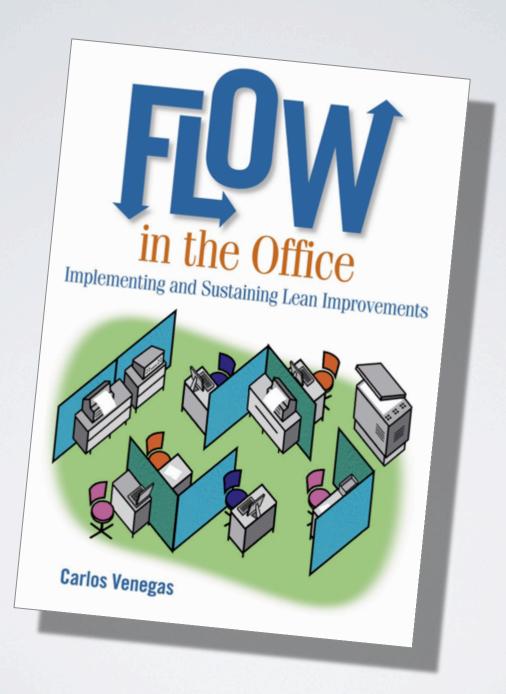








БА Service Innovation



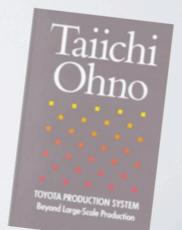
What is Lean?

1. The absolute elimination of waste

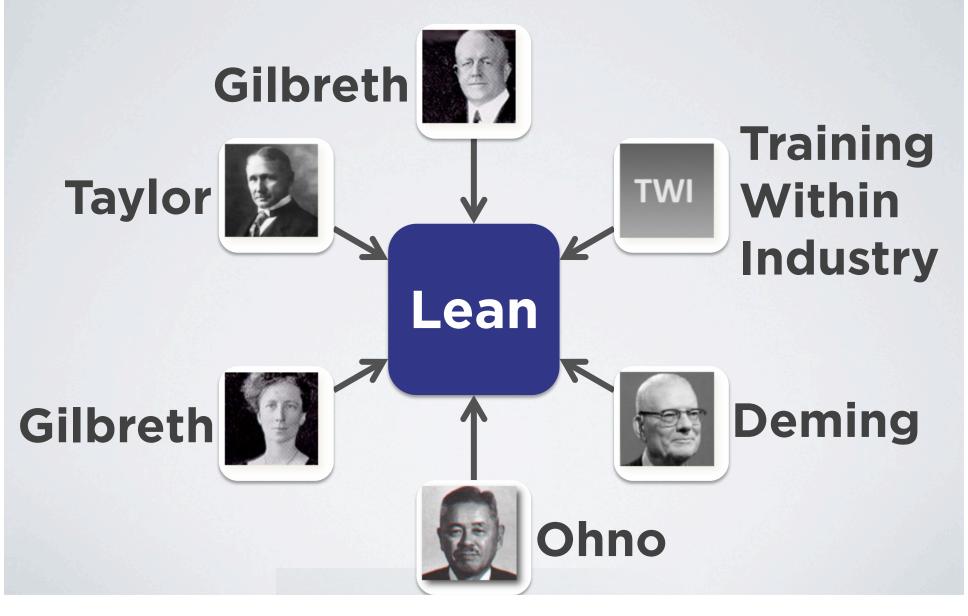
2.Based on two pillars:

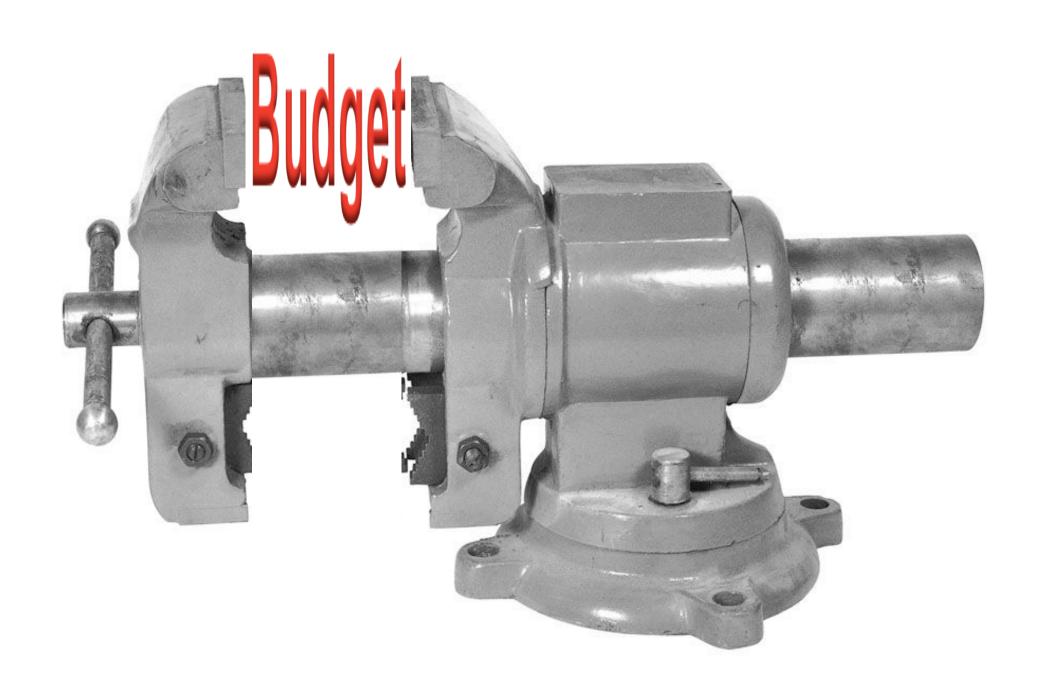
a. Autonomation

b.Just-in-time



Origins of Lean





Paradigms of Government





Time

19th Century

20th Century

21st Century

Paradigm

Spoils

Bureaucracy Reinvention

Primary accountbility

Loyalty

Rules

Results

Source: Jim Chrisinger, Lean Director; King County, WA



The impact of Lean Office







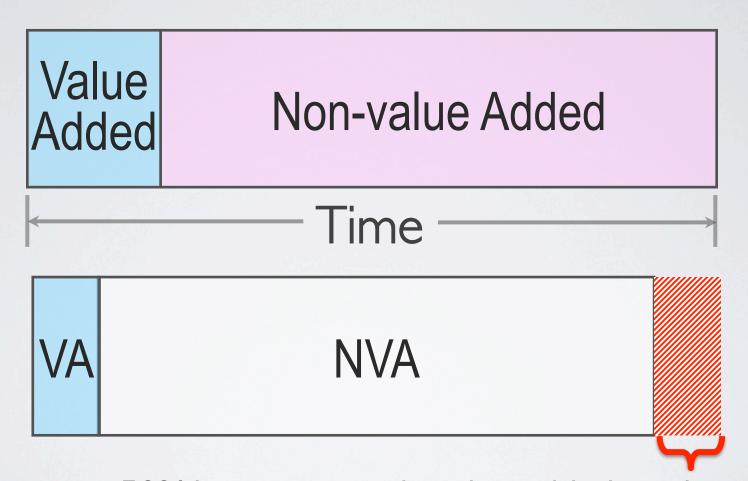
Why the focus on waste?



Non-value Added

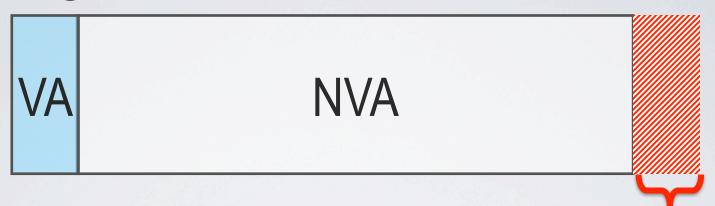
Time

Why the focus on waste?

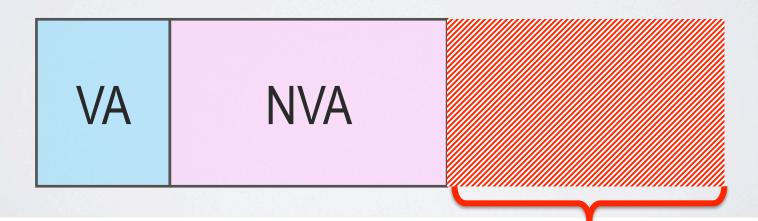


50% improvement in value-added work

Why the focus on waste?



50% improvement in value-added work

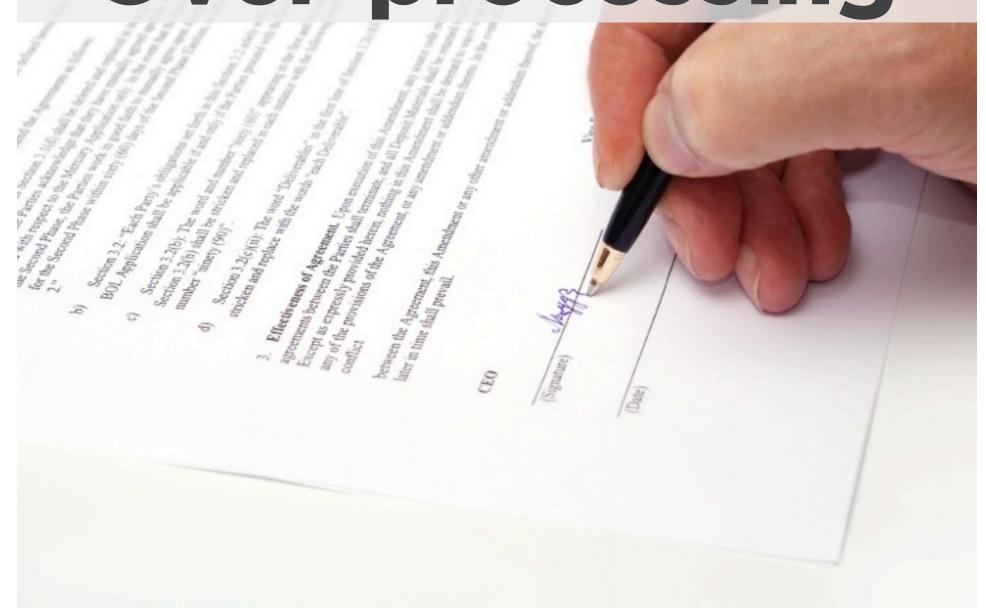


50% improvement in non-value-added work





Over-processing





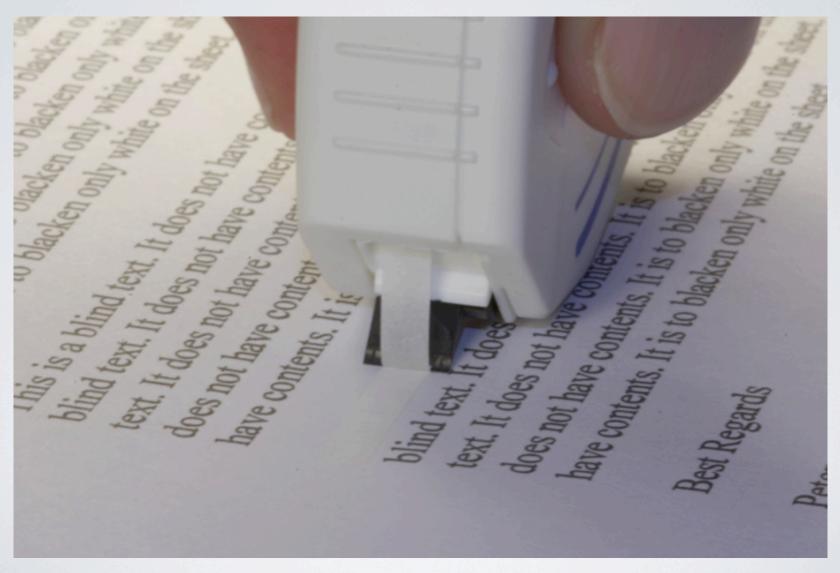
Movement



Waiting



Defects



Wastes in the office

Incompatible systems	Useless information	Multitasking
Manual checking	Workarounds	Underutilized talent
electronic data	Approvals	Rigid hierarchy
Data dead ends	Reviews	Extra features
Re-entering data	Signatures	Relearning
Converting formats	Inspections	Handoffs
Unnecessary data	Searching	Task switching
Unavailable data	Waiting / delays	Moving /
Unknown data	Variable flow in a	transportation
Missing data	process	Defects
Unclear or incorrect	Incomplete work	Communication
data	Unclear roles	barriers
Data discrepancies	Lack of training	Unnecessary
Redundant input of	Interruptions	complexity
data	Competition (within	Lack of useful
Redundant input of	the organization)	metrics/measures
data	Lack of training	Lack of useful
Unsafe conditions	Ineffective meetings	feedback
Unclear sponsorship,	Lack of project	Turnover
norms, & boundaries	management	Mishandled conflict

What does success look like?

Initiating maintenance orders

Measure	Before	After	% improved		
Idle time	16 days	12 days	25%		
Cycle time	5 days	3 days	40%		
Rework Ioops	6	4	33%		

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What does success look like?

Procurement

Measure	Measure Before		% improved		
Idle time	6.75 days	6 hours	90%		
Cycle time	1.9 hours	1.75 hours	9%		

What does success look like?

Accounts payable

Measure	Measure Before		% improved		
Idle time	24 days	6 hours	85%		
Cycle time	9 hours	6 hours	33%		
Total steps	19	9	53%		

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Department of Community Development

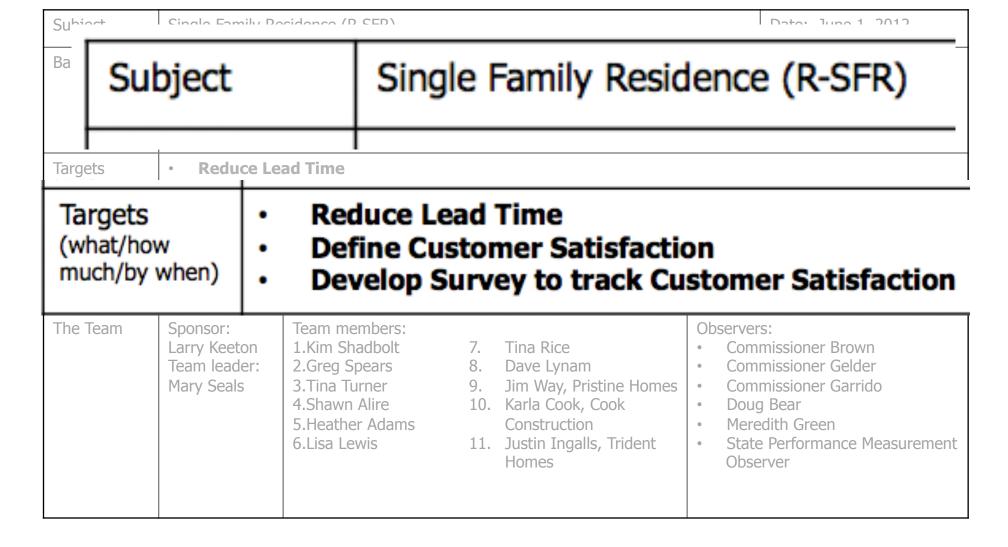
Single Family Residence Permit Kaizen Workshop

90 Day Report



Kaizan 90 Day Report

The Charter



Kaizan 90 Day Report

Report

	Start 7/13/12	Target	Target Change (%)	Actual Change (%)		
Measure				30	60	90
4. D. CED Daniel I and T' and / 1	26.1 Days	18 Days	31%	81%	69%	81%
1. R-SFR Permit Lead Time (to approval)				5	8	* 5
αρρισναι				Days	Days	Days
2. Define Customer Satisfaction	No	Yes	100%	100%	100%	100%
3. Develop New Survey	No	Yes	100%	100%	100%	100%

26.1 days → 5 days

^{*} Excludes 2 exceptions with complicated reviews that took 41 and 42 days to review.

90 Days 2011 vs. 90 Days 2012



R-SFR's Submitted by Year 7/23 – 10/15

Achievements (partial)

- Lobby Signage
- Check-In Station
- Information Wall
- Educational Presentations in Lobby
- WiFi in the Lobby
- Established Residential Pod
 - KanBan Board
 - Equipment for station
 - Phones at each review desk

Continuous Improvements (partial)

- Lobby
 - Utilize scanners at intake
 - More Educational Presentations
- Resource Room / Kiosk
 - Maps and Computer for Clients
- Quality of Review/Deficiency Reports
- Evaluate How Other Work Areas Impacted
- Evaluate Project Lead Time
- Measure Variance



Kaizan 60 Day Report





Kaizan 60 Day Report

30 Days

60 Days





Department of Community Development

Code Compliance Intake Kaizan

DCD Management Report Out

Goals

Establish Intake Process

- Use existing resources outside of Code Compliance.
- Standard, more complete intake information.

Decrease Lead Time for Eyes On

- Use existing talent.
- Use eyes already in the field.

Develop Assignment Method and Metrics

- How cases are assigned and tracked.
- Appropriate metrics for issues.

Process

- Current Process and Value Mapping
- Problem Identification
- Root Cause Analysis
- Complainant Profile
- Intake Identification
- Future Process Value Mapping
- Future Process Metrics

Kaizan 60 Day Report

Current Intake Process



Issues

- Multiple entry points.
- Rework intake information.
- Rework assignment and research steps.
- Coordination of all interested party visit.
- All complaints were the same.
- No expectation for resolution.
- New technology didn't work with existing process.

Proposed Intake



Benefits

- Fewer steps and opportunities to "get lost".
- Fewer rework loops in design.
- Relies on expertise in other areas.
- Reduces tie to eyes on site.



Kaizan 60 Day Report

Evaluation	Old	New	% Change
Steps	29	18	-38
Value Added	4	4*	0
Decisions	11	6	-45
Loop Backs *	6	3	-50
Hand Offs	6	4	-33
Delays TT/FT	6 %	4 %	-33
Maximum Lead Time from Mapping	8.2 W Days	4.1 W Days	-50

Surprises / Lessons Learned

- Don't break up process / delay effort.
- Anticipate strong feelings and ownership.
- Following some rabbits is good medicine.
- Existing internal process takes 1/3 more lead and tac. time than external.
- Realizations.

1. VIDEO (20 minutes)

Time: the next dimension of quality

2. EXERCISE (10 minutes)

Value flow analysis on a work process of your own

Time: the next dimension of quality

An activity is value added if:

- The customer cares about it
- Physically changes the thing
- Done right the first time

"Be the thing."

Process Flow Analysis: an example

	Activity	Time
1	Take application	3 minutes
2	Move application to inbox	I minute
3	Wait	I day
4	Enter application online	10 minutes
5	Log application	I minute
6	Wait	3 days
7	Review application	23 minutes

Document your process

Go to www.LeanOfficeInnovation.com/tools to download a Work Breakdown template

Work Breakdown Form

By: Ben Williams	Date: 06-12 20 17
Job: Permit Application Process	
Organization: Permitting Department	
Brief description: Accept and process permits submitted by the	public

Here is how the job is done now

Description	Time	Walk/Move	Notes / Ideas
e the application and review	3 m.		
ompleteness			
al the application	.1 m.		Why do we do this?
e the application upstairs and	5 m.	400'	
e into the Inbox			
	1 d.		
in the application	ſm.		
er the application into the	20 m.		Create an online applica-
) system			tion
the hardcopy	2 m.	33'	
	3 d.		
iew application in the system	23 m.		
np application electronically	í m.		
np the hardcopy	7 m.	33'	
•		•	

Instructions

- 1. Write your name at the top.
- 2. Fill in the date
- 3. State the job or process you are documenting.
- 4. Enter the name of the organization.
- 5. Briefly describe the work as its done today.
- 6. Fill in the page numbers at the bottom of the sheet.
- 7. List, step by step, everything the "thing" goes through. "Be the thing."
- 8. Make sure you note when the "thing" waits or sits idle.
- 9. Write down the times for each step, including waiting.
- 10. Show the **distance** traveled for each step.
- 11. Write down all the ideas that come to you.

Exercise

1. Name the steps and times.

Then in pairs (or groups of 3):

- 2. Tell your neighbor your steps. "Be the thing."
- 3. Identify the value-added steps. Discuss and get feedback.
- 4. Switch.

Exercise Review: things to think about

- 1. Who was your customer?
- 2. What did you notice about your process?
- 3. How many steps does your process have?
- 4. How many steps are value-added?
- 5. What else have you noticed?

Tips

- ·Watch your scope
- ·Be the "thing"
- Experiment

If you forget everything else, remember:

- 1. Use the work breakdown form
- 2. Be the thing
- 3. Get rid of the waste

www.LeanOfficeInnovation.com www.ImpactWashington.org